Answers for Worksheet: Spanish Possessive Adjectives

Possessive Adjectives express ownership • tú (with accent mark) is a subject pronoun describe a noun • To be specific about ownership, "de" is often used instead of "su" come before the noun being described Es el libro de Miguel. agree in number with the noun being described Son los libros de Miguel. some agree in gender with the noun being described ¿Dónde están sus abuelos? Where are your (formal) grandparents? Nuestros padres viven en Ohio. Our parents live in Ohio. ¿Es tu carro? Is this your (familiar) car? Mis hermanas y yo vamos al cine mañana. My sisters and I are going to the movies tomorrow. Tus libros están en mi carro. Your books are in my car. ¿Por qué no estudia usted en su casa? Why don't you study in your house? Ellos vienen pronto, y su calle está cerca de aquí. They are coming soon, and their street is close to here. ¿Cuál es su color favorito? What's his favorite color? Nuestra escuela queda lejos de la ciudad. Our school is located far from the city. ¿A qué hora llega nuestro profesor? What time does our professor arrive? Mi amiga y sus hijas van de vacaciones hoy. My friend and her daughters are going on vacation today. ¿Quiénes son sus primos? Who are her cousins? Mi tía tiene 20 años, y su cumpleaños es en junio. My aunt is 20 years old and her birthday is in June. ¿Cómo es su familia? What's their family like? Nuestras clases terminan a las 2:00 de la tarde. Our classes finish at 2:00pm.